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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/830,447	04/27/2001	Peter James Duffett-Smith	41253	7010
Roylance Abra	7590 05/03/2007 ms Berdo & Goodman		EXAM	INER
1300 19th Street, N.W.			RAMPURIA, SHARAD K	
	Suite 600 Washington, DC 20036-2680 ART UNIT PAPE		PAPER NUMBER	
			2617	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Application No. Applicant(s)		
		09/830,447	DUFFETT-SMITH E	T AL.
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		Sharad Rampuria	2617	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence add	ress
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE in a sign of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.11 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period verto reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute the provision of the provision o	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO c. cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this com	
Status		•		
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 Fe</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.		nerits is
Dispositi	on of Claims			
5)	Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-15 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceeds applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	wn from consideration. r election requirement. r. epted or b) objected to drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	1.121(d).
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO	-152.
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in A rity documents have beer u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National St	age
2) Notice (3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) of Oraftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application	

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DETAILED ACTION

- I. The Art Unit location of this application in the USPTO has changed. To aid in correlating any papers for this application, all further correspondence regarding this application should be directed to Art Unit 2617.
- II. The current office-action is in response to the Amendment After Non-Final Rejection filed on 02/06/2007.

Accordingly, Claims 1-15 are imminent for further assessment as follows:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- III. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Kelley et al.** [US 5,689,270] in view of DUFFETT-SMITH, PETER [WO009711384A1].

Regarding claim 1, Kelley disclosed A method of generating a list of offsets in time, phase, frequency, or derivatives thereof, or their equivalents expressed as offsets in distance or derivatives thereof, of a plurality of transmission source signals, received at a given location, relative to a common reference (abstract), the method comprising;

(b) combining the acquired data and calculating the list of offsets relative to the common reference. (col.18; 29-47)

Kelley doesn't teaches specifically, acquiring data from plural receivers, the positions of which may be known or determined, the data from a receiver comprising offsets in time, phase, frequency, or derivatives thereof, respectively of signals received from the transmission sources relative to a reference source in each receiver or to each other. However, DUFFETT teaches in an analogous art, that acquiring data from plural receivers, the positions of which may be known or determined, the data from a receiver comprising offsets in time, phase, frequency, or derivatives thereof, respectively of signals received from the transmission sources relative to a reference source in each receiver or to each other (Pg.11; 10-31). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify Kelley including acquiring data from plural receivers, the positions of which may be known or determined, the data from a receiver comprising offsets in time, phase, frequency, or derivatives thereof, respectively of signals received from the transmission sources relative to a reference source in

each receiver or to each other in order to provide a position determining system, for receiving broad band signals transmitted by a number of transmission sources equal at least to the number of dimensions in which the movement of a roving object is to be monitored.

Regarding claim 2, Kelley disclosed A method of generating a list of offsets in time, phase, frequency, or derivatives thereof, or their equivalents expressed as offsets in distance or derivatives thereof, of a plurality of transmission source signals, received at a given location, relative to a common reference (abstract), the method comprising

- (b) determining from the acquired data the offsets in time, phase, frequency, or derivatives thereof, respectively of signals received from the transmission sources relative to a reference source or to each other; (col.18; 9-28, col.13; 16-38, col.14; 54-67) and
- (c) combining the offsets so determined and calculating the list of offsets relative to the common reference. (col.18; 29-47)

Kelley doesn't teaches specifically, acquiring data from plural receivers, the positions of which may be known or determined, the data from a receiver being representative of the received signals. However, DUFFETT teaches in an analogous art, that acquiring data from plural receivers, the positions of which may be known or determined, the data from a receiver being representative of the received signals (Pg.11; 10-31).

Regarding claim 3, Kelley disclosed A radio positioning method for determining the position of one or more receivers the positions of which are unknown, which method includes the method of claim 1 or claim 2. (120-1 thru120-3; fig.1; col.4; 56-65)

Regarding claim 4, Kelley disclosed A radio positioning method according to claim 3, wherein the common reference comprises an external reference. (external time reference; col.17; 40-50)

Regarding claim 5, Kelley disclosed A radio positioning method according to claim 4, wherein the common reference comprises a GPS signal. (GPS; col.17; 40-50)

Regarding claim 6, Kelley disclosed A radio positioning method according to claim 3, wherein the step of acquiring data from said plural receivers includes instigating acquisition of said data from a common location. (CPU; col.18; 29-47)

Regarding claim 7, Kelley disclosed A radio positioning method according to claim 3, wherein the step of acquiring data from said plural receivers includes instigating acquisition of said data from each said receiver at times determined by each said receiver. (col.18; 29-47)

Regarding claim 8, Kelley disclosed Apparatus for generating a list of offsets in time, phase, frequency, or derivatives thereof, or their equivalents expressed as offsets in distance or derivatives thereof, of a plurality of transmission source signals, received at a given location, relative to a common reference (abstract), the apparatus comprising;

(b) means for combining the acquired data and calculating the list of offsets relative to the common reference. (col.18; 29-47)

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Kelley doesn't teaches specifically, means for acquiring data from plural receivers, the positions of which may be known or determined, the data from a receiver comprising offsets in time, phase, frequency, or derivatives thereof, respectively of signals received from the transmission sources relative to a reference source in each receiver or to each other. However, DUFFETT teaches in an analogous art, that means for acquiring data from plural receivers, the positions of which may be known or determined, the data from a receiver comprising offsets in time, phase, frequency, or derivatives thereof, respectively of signals received from the transmission sources relative to a reference source in each receiver or to each other (Pg.11; 10-31).

Regarding claim 9, Kelley disclosed Apparatus for generating a list of offsets in time, phase, frequency, or derivatives thereof, or their equivalents expressed as offsets in distance or derivatives thereof, of a plurality of transmission source signals, received at a given location, relative to a common reference (abstract), the method comprising;

- (b) means for determining from the acquired data the offsets in time, phase, frequency, or derivatives thereof, respectively of signals received from the transmission sources relative to a reference source or to each other; (col.18; 9-28, col.13; 16-38, col.14; 54-67) and
- (c) means for combining the offsets so determined and calculating the list of offsets relative to the common reference. (col.18; 29-47)

Kelley doesn't teaches specifically, means for acquiring data from plural receivers, the positions of which may be known or determined, the data from a receiver being representative of the received signals. However, DUFFETT teaches in an analogous art, that means for acquiring

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data from plural receivers, the positions of which may be known or determined, the data from a receiver being representative of the received signals (Pg.11; 10-31).

Regarding claim 10, Kelley disclosed A radio positioning system including apparatus according to claim 8 or to claim 9. (DPLL; col.3; 2-9 & col.5; 12-16)

Regarding claim 11, Kelley disclosed A radio positioning system according to claim 10, wherein the common reference comprises a reference external to said receivers. (external time reference; col.17; 40-50)

Regarding claim 12, Kelley disclosed A radio positioning system according to claim 11, wherein the common reference comprises a GPS signal. (GPS; col.17; 40-50)

Regarding claim 13, Kelley disclosed A radio positioning system according to claim 10, wherein the means for acquiring data from said plural receivers includes a computer system arranged to instigate the transfer of said data from said plural receivers to said computer system at times determined by said computer system. (col.18; 29-47)

Regarding claim 14, Kelley disclosed A radio positioning system according to claim 10, wherein the means for acquiring data from said plural receivers includes a computer system, and including means for instigating said acquisition of data from each said receiver at times determined by each said receiver. (col.18; 29-47)

Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kelly & DUFFETT in view of Freeburg et al. (US 6,108,315).

Regarding claim 15, Kelley & DUFFETT disclosed all the particulars of the claim except A digital telephone network. However, Freeburg teaches in an analogous art, that A digital telephone network, including a radio positioning system according to claim 10. (10; fig.1; col.2; 26-32) Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include a digital telephone network in order to provide a location information for radio station in such a network.

Response to Amendments & Remarks

IV. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-15 has been fully considered but is moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

V. Applicant's amendment (For illustration; "plural" in independent claims) necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS**MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

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MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sharad Rampuria whose telephone number is (571) 272-7870. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F. (8:30-5 EST).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, George Eng can be reached on (571) 272-7495. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://portal.uspto.gov/external/portal/pair. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free) or EBC@uspto.gov.

Sharad Rampuria Sharad Rampuria Patent Examiner Art Unit 2617

PERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER